Modern Foreign Languages - Progression of skills - Mevagissey Primary School -2022/23

MFL 2022-2023 Autumn Spring Summer



Curriculum Intent: Learning to understand and respond to the spoken and written language, to communicate effectively, both in speaking and writing.

By the end of Key Stage Two, children are able to listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding. They can engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others. Children can accurately pronounce and intonate so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases. Lastly, they can understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.

	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Listening	Understand spoken words and phrases that I have been learning, including classroom language and praise words. Follow along and repeat key words from a song, rhyme or poem. Identify letter sounds in another language and use them to help me understand. Listen to the phoneme in isolation and write it accurately.	Understand basic questions and identify key points in a few short spoken sentences. Join in the re-telling / playing of a familiar story, song, rhyme or poem using gestures or by saying key words and phrases. Use strings of letter sounds to help me understand new words. Listen to high-frequency familiar words when spoken slowly and clearly and apply in writing with understandable spelling.	Understand the main points and some detail in a short text when spoken slowly and clearly. Join in with familiar stories, songs, rhymes or poems, or parts of them when listening to the source material. Listen and apply knowledge of letter sounds to help understand more complex new words and short phrases. Listen to and write familiar words reasonably accurately by applying phonic knowledge when spoken slowly and clearly.	Understand a short passage made up of familiar words and basic phrases concerning self, people, places or simple actions when people speak slowly and clearly. Produce from memory familiar parts of known stories, songs, rhymes and poems. Listen and apply knowledge of letter sounds to help understand new phrases or short sentences. Write individual words accurately, building them from written syllables or write short phrases with understandable spelling, when delivery is slow, clear and repeated.
Reading	Understand some familiar written words and short phrases. Use the visual cues and context to follow the gist of a short text. Use a word list to locate specific words.	Listen to high-frequency familiar words when spoken slowly and clearly and apply in writing with understandable spelling. Read and understand a range of familiar written phrases and simple sentences. Identify the overall type of text from contextual cues and a few familiar words and start to use prior knowledge to work out meaning. Use a word list (or dictionary or online resource) to check the spelling of a word.	Read and understand a short text made up of short sentences with familiar language on a familiar topic. Spot new words introduced into short sentences made up of familiar material and use prior knowledge of the TL and English and the surrounding words to guess their meaning. Appreciate how to use a bi-lingual dictionary and know that there may be more than one entry for each word. Find the meanings of new words.	Read and understand a text made up of a range of sentences with some familiar language on a familiar topic. Work out meaning of new language introduced into a text made up of mainly familiar material and use prior knowledge of the TL and English and the surrounding words to work out meaning. Use a dictionary or word list to look up unknown nouns and adjectives, check the gender of nouns and the spelling of familiar words.

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	Read aloud some words and short phrases	Match sound to print, by reading aloud	Read short phrases and sentences	Read both familiar and new words, phrases
Speaking	I have been learning, applying some	familiar words and short sentences,	accurately that contain mostly familiar	and sentences aloud with understandable
	phonics knowledge.	applying some phonics knowledge.	language, applying phonics knowledge.	pronunciation applying phonics
				knowledge.
	Ask and answer simple pre-learned	Rehearse and perform short role plays	Ask and answer simple questions on the	
	questions from memory and use several	drawing on one topic, with 2-3 exchanges	current topic. Can adapt models	Ask and answer questions on a few familiar
	short phrases and questions in predictable	and secure pronunciation.	successfully to give own information,	topics, including expressing opinions and
	classroom interaction.		including simple opinions, substituting	responding to those of others.
		Produce short pre-prepared phrases on a	individual words.	
	Repeat and say familiar words and short	familiar topic, with secure pronunciation.		Use phrases and simple sentences
	simple phrases, using understandable		Produce some short phrases	independently (or more complex
	pronunciation.		independently (without written support)	sentences with support) to describe
			within a familiar topic, with good	people, places, things and actions, with
			pronunciation.	good pronunciation.
	Write some single words from memory,	Write simple words and several short	Write words, phrases and short simple	Write a short, simple text from memory,
	with plausible spelling.	phrases from memory with	sentences from memory from a familiar	using simple sentences from familiar topics
	With plausible spelling.	understandable spelling.	topic with understandable spelling.	with understandable spelling.
	Copy words and short phrases accurately.	understandable spennig.	topic with understandable spennig.	with understandable spennig.
	Substitute one element in a simple phrase	Write words and phrases accurately using	Write sentences accurately on a few topics	Write a few simple and possibly complex
	or sentence to vary the meaning (e.g. the	support such as a model or word bank to	using a model or a writing frame for	sentences accurately using support such as
Writing	colour adjective or the noun).	check spellings.		dictionaries, a model or writing frame.
3	colour adjective of the floury.	check spennigs.	support.	dictionaries, a moder of writing frame.
		Change a range of elements in sentences	Use a short text as a starting point for an	Use a text as a starting point for an
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		to create new sentences using a model.	independent piece of writing on a familiar	independent piece of writing on familiar
		(e.g. change the noun or adjective or verb	topic, using reference materials to redraft	topics, using reference materials to redraft
	T	or qualifier).	and improve accuracy.	and improve accuracy.
	Use indefinite articles in the singular with	Use indefinite articles in singular and plural	Use definite and indefinite articles with	Use high-frequency verb forms, nouns,
	masculine and feminine nouns	and definite articles in both singular and	increasing accuracy.	articles and adjectives to form simple
		plural.	0	sentences.
Grammar	Recognise definite articles and plural		Can use the connectives parce que /	
	indefinites.	Use the definite article with verbs of like /	car.	Use gender and articles (singular and
		dislike and verbs of sport.	Agree adjectives for number and	plural), showing knowledge of the patterns
	Recognise the definite article with verbs of		gender after 'because it is/they are'.	learnt, but still frequent errors and
	like / dislike and with sports.	Use a variety of plural nouns, including	gender after because it is/they are .	omissions in independent use.
		some irregular ones.	Use 1st, 2nd & 3rd person of several	
	Form regular plural nouns.		regular verbs in the present tense in	Agree adjectives for number and gender
		Use adjectives (agreement and position)	addition to the irregular high frequency	after because it is/they are, but still makes
	Identify adjective and noun position.	with more confidence.	verbs.	errors.
			voibo.	
	Use some singular masculine and plural	Can use the connectives and, but and also.	Use time phrases such as the days of	Can use the verbs 'to be' and 'to have' in
	adjectives correctly.		the week in sentence formation.	several different contexts, still with some
		Use the high-frequency verb forms in the		errors.
	Use the high-frequency verb forms in the	1st & 2nd person (eg j'ai, tu as, je suis, tu		
	1st person (eg j'ai, je suis) confidently.	es) confidently.		Can use subordinating connectives (if,
	, ,	,		because) and some may be able to use
	Use of the negative 'nepas'	Use of the negative 'nepas'		'which'.
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